

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, December 19.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .49.
Temperature, Max. 76; Min. 64. Weather, showery.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4.17c. Per Ton, \$83.40.
88 Analysis Beets, 12s. 5½d. Per Ton, \$92.80.

VOL. L., NO. 8538.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, MONDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MRS. BISHOP'S MEMORY IS HONORED

Services Are Held in Chapel of
the Schools Which She
Founded.

W. O. SMITH MAKES ADDRESS

Despite Inclement Weather, Many
Turn Out to Take Part
in Exercises.

Rain and wind marred the memorial services, held yesterday by the pupils of the Kamehameha Schools, and participated in also by the alumni and alumnae. But, although the weather caused the anniversary of Founder's Day to be cut short, it did not dampen the enthusiasm of those who strewed the tomb of Mrs. Bishop with flowers, or impair the earnestness of the tributes.

At the chapel in the Kamehameha Schools grounds, the memorial services were opened with prayer, and until the last flower was dropped at the mausoleum on Nuuanu avenue Bernice Pauahi Bishop reigned in spirit over those who gather annually to do honor to her memory.

The Hon. William Owen Smith, president of the board of trustees of the schools, delivered the address of the day, and songs and music rounded out the program. The music was remarkable, and the choruses of the boys and of the girls were particularly fine.

Tribute to Founder.

Mr. Smith's speech was a notable tribute to the princess whose earnest work for her race has a lasting monument in the splendid schools which yesterday celebrated her birthday.

"This is the anniversary of the birth of Bernice Pauahi Bishop, born December 19, 1831," said the orator of the day, in opening, "and it is well to observe anniversaries of this kind. It is to remind us and keep our memory fresh that we observe Christmas and the birthdays of our friends. In speaking of Pauahi—I do not know which name I like best—and her great love and the work which she has done for the people of these islands, the feature I would emphasize most is her thoughtfulness for others.

"Personally, she was a most attractive woman, handsome in person and engaging in manners. She was a refined, gentlewoman, wealthy, unassuming. In her girlhood and youth she was respectful and obedient to her parents and to her teachers, and much loved by them and by her companions. She was unostentatious and avoided display. She became the wealthiest woman in these islands, and was prudent and simple in her tastes, although her home, wardrobe and jewels were of a high order.

"She was very fond of children, but had none of her own. She was most thoughtful and considerate of others, and of rare judgment. Many sought her advice and assistance.

Hawaii's Women.

"Among the Hawaiians there have been a number of notable women. First of these was Kuahumahu, wife of Kamehameha I. She was a woman of rare character and ability. The King made her kuhino nui, and she was instrumental in breaking up the tabus, even before the missionaries came in 1820.

"Next to her was Kapiolani, who succeeded her as premier. Kapiolani was the one who defied the goddess Pele, and to demonstrate this she traveled on foot from Kona to Hilo, about 160 miles, stopping at Kilauea and openly defying the dreaded goddess.

"After Kapiolani, Kinau should be named, who was a daughter of Kamehameha I, and premier after Kapiolani. She was the wife of Kekuanaoa, and was the mother of two kings—Kamehameha IV, and Kamehameha V. Queen Emma, wife of Kamehameha IV, ranked among the notable and greatly beloved chieftesses.

Princess Pauahi.

"Bernice Pauahi Bishop lived in a different time from that in which Kamehameha lived. (Continued on Page Four.)

ANOTHER JAPANESE BARON IS COMING

Baron Kikuchi, president of Kyoto University, is a through passenger on the Japanese liner Nippon Maru, due here December 31 from Yokohama. He is en route to New York to attend the dedication of the Pacific Forum, where he will deliver an address on the "Progress and Development of the Japanese Race." If the vessel remains here over night, he will deliver a lecture under local auspices.

MUST PUNGE UP HIS POLL TAX

Inspector Noyes Will Contribute
Two Years' Assessments to
the Territory.

The tax office got it. An insatiable curiosity to find out what "it" is can be satisfied by asking Fred Noyes, who is night inspector at the customhouse. Mr. Noyes would mournfully inform you that "it" is his poll tax for the past two years. Mr. Noyes didn't want to pay his poll tax, and neither did any of his fellow-inspectors, and Charlie Wilder, who holds open the lid of the territorial strong box, instituted suit against him. The suit was decided by Judge Andrade last Friday, and Wilder, as a result, will hear an extra tinkle or two in that some strong box.

The federal officials, and particularly officials of the customhouse, have maintained that such a tax is unconstitutional when applied to them, as it reduces the stipend per annum that they receive from Uncle Sam. E. A. Dou-thitt, who represented Noyes, quoted as his principal authority the case of Erie County vs. Dominis, which was decided by the United States Supreme Court in 1842.

Mr. Dominis, or, rather, it should be Captain Dominis, was a skipper of a revenue cutter in the service of Uncle Samuel who was assessed under the tax laws of Erie county, New York. The doughty skipper raised a howl and, on the same grounds advanced by Noyes, won his "howl."

But Judge Andrade upheld the contention of the plaintiff, that this decision, which has become famous, applies only to income taxes and that a poll tax is a purely personal one and is perfectly constitutional.

This case has meant much to the inspectors and other officials at the customhouse, and Andrade's decision was eagerly awaited. This same interest, and also the fact that the decision against Noyes is, in application, a decision against all of them, will cause the case to be carried to a higher court. Deputy Attorney-General Sutton, represented the Territory in case.

JAPANESE SCHOOL IS DEDICATED

The new Japanese schoolhouse at Waimanalo plantation was dedicated yesterday with considerable ceremony. This is the building which the Japanese of Waimanalo decided they wanted and for which Manager Chalmers gave much of the lumber. Editor Sheba of the Hawaii Shimpu made an address, and was followed by Manager Chalmers, who spoke on the present harmonious relations existing between the Japanese and the plantations.

PHYSICAL TEST IS TO COMMENCE TODAY

Today is the date selected by Colonel Schuyler, Fifth Cavalry, commanding officer at Schofield Barracks, for all army officers in and about Honolulu above the rank of captain to take the annual physical test required by presidential order during the Roosevelt administration. The officers will all ride horseback, covering a ninety-mile course. The officers to participate in the test are: Colonel Schuyler, Major Cree, Coast Artillery Corps; Major Dunning, Twentieth Infantry; Major Winslow, Corps Engineers; Major Hart, Commissary; Major Foster, Fifth Cavalry; Major Wadhams, surgeon.

MORTGAGED HOME FOR SUFFRAGISTS

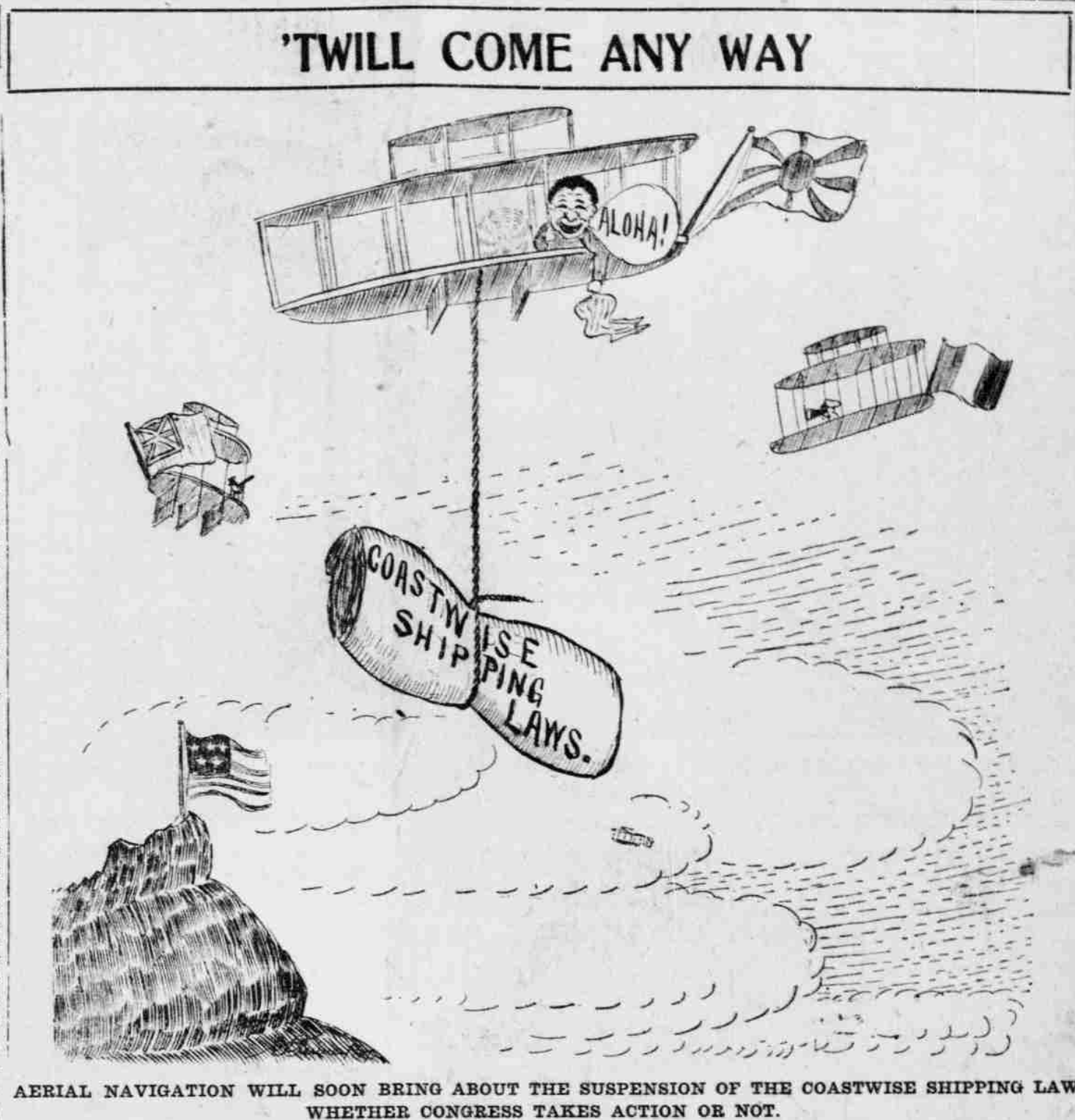
Mrs. Belmont Raised One Hundred Thousand Dollars
to Aid Cause.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, December 20.—In order to aid the suffragists in their fight, Mrs. Belmont placed a mortgage of \$100,000 on her Madison square home. The facts in the case became public yesterday when Mrs. Belmont bailed four striking workers out of jail. She gave her home as security for the bail money and made the statement that the property is covered by a \$100,000 mortgage. She then explained her reason for mortgaging the home.

MANY HUNTING FATALITIES.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, December 6.—Ten persons were killed and thirty-nine injured, six probably fatally, in Ohio during the three-week hunting season which closed Saturday night. Of those injured, many were crippled for life, several lost a foot, a leg or a hand, and a few were blinded.



AERIAL NAVIGATION WILL SOON BRING ABOUT THE SUSPENSION OF THE COASTWISE SHIPPING LAW WHETHER CONGRESS TAKES ACTION OR NOT.

DEFINITION OF ETERNAL LIFE

Rev. A. A. Ebersole Points Out
Importance of Proper
Understanding.

At Central Union church last night the Rev. A. A. Ebersole delivered a very strong address on Eternal Life and Its Proper Definition. He took as his text and his definition, John 17:3, "And this is life eternal, that they should know the only true God, and him whom thou didst send, even Jesus Christ."

Speaking first of how certain all the ancient philosophers were of the existence of a future life, and quoting from many of their writings, he then referred to the above description and said "It is a very important definition because it corrects the false conception, still held by too many people, that the Christian religion is a sort of life-saving apparatus, a sure means of getting safely out of this life of sorrows and woes into the blessed land above."

Continuing he went on to show the necessity of knowing God. "To know God by intimate association with Him through a long period of time and by actually engaging our powers in helping to make a reality the Kingdom of God here on earth."

An Interesting Address.
At the Epworth league meeting at the Methodist church yesterday, Miss Eva Boardman was the leader and delivered a very interesting and instructive address on "Leavening the Lump." She said in part:

"In the parable which we are studying, leaven is used to represent life. Leaven is an example of the rapidity and thoroughness with which some forms of life, under favorable conditions, are multiplied until they have penetrated to every part of the mass into which they are introduced. So Leaven is a fit symbol of our religious capacity for expansion.

"Our religion was introduced into the world a living, aggressive force, which in the first century was helped in its progress by the conditions into which it came. There was political unity, under the Roman empire, every part of the world being as open as every other part, to the missionary's work. The military roads made travel easy and safe. Greek was the common language of the people.

"Beside these conditions, there were favorable conditions which grew out of the preaching of the gospel. At Pentecost, men were converted from many lands, who went back to their own countries to become missionaries. Persecution scattered the Christians, who preached as they fled. The first Christians were not all slaves, nor poor, but men and women of all classes accepted Christ.

"The gospel was triumphant in the first century because there was no special missionary class. All Christians were missionaries. They did not wait for formal openings, if they could not find a crowd, they were satisfied to go to the individual. And also because prayer was exalted as a mighty and available force.

"No great enterprise was undertaken without it. From Pentecost forward (Continued on Page Eight.)

LAST TRIBUTES TO MISS SMITH

Beautiful Flowers Laid Upon the
Casket of Victim of Auto-
mobile Accident.

"She is not dead—she is just away," was the pretty sentiment uttered by Dr. Doremus Scudder, pastor of Central Union church, during the services held yesterday afternoon over the remains of the late Miss Harriet D. Smith, the young woman who lost her life in Wednesday night's auto accident. It was a line taken from the beautiful verses of James Whitcomb Riley, with the gender of the personal pronoun changed. Dr. Scudder read the verses through and not only to the bereaved girl companions of the deceased but to the company of friends gathered to pay a last tribute of affection did the verses seem singularly appropriate:

I can not say, and I will not say
That she is dead—she is just away!

With a cheery smile, and a wave of the hand,
She has wandered into an unknown land,

And she left us dreaming how very fair
It needs must be, since she fingers there,

And you—O you, who the wildest yearn
For the oldtime step and the glad return,—

Think of her faring as dear
In the love of There as the love of Here.

Think of her as the same, I say;
She is not dead—she is just away!

The services were held at four o'clock at the Kimball cottage on Lunalilo where the deceased with her companions, Miss Hegemann, Miss Lucy Hegemann and Miss Nason, have made their home since their arrival a few weeks ago on the steamship Mongolia. The beautiful casket rested in the little dining-room surrounded and laden with beautiful floral offerings. Pillows of fragrant Tantalus violets and wreaths of roses with clusters of waxen lilies were tenderly laid upon the casket.

The services, conducted by Doctor Scudder, were simple. The regular funeral service was read, and an appropriate portion of the Scriptures, while James Whitcomb Riley's verses were interpreted. There was no singing and after the brief ceremony all but intimate friends retired from the cottage, and the casket was then opened again for the dead girl's companions to gaze once more upon the face of their friend. For a few moments only these four were alone, and for the last time, and the casket was then closed and borne to the undertaking parlors of H. H. Williams, where it will remain until this afternoon when it will be taken aboard the S. S. Korea to be (Continued on Page Four.)

CASH OFFER FOR LIBRARY SITE

Failure of Exchange Proposition
May Lead to Outright
Purchase.

With the refusal of the directors of the Honolulu Library to consider the offer of exchange made them by the Young Men's Christian Association, it becomes necessary for the directors of the latter organization to cast about for some new plan. A meeting of the Y. M. C. A. directors will probably be held next Wednesday afternoon.

Although formal notice that the deal is off has not been given the association directors by those of the library, it is not thought that there is any hope of it going through. It is now thought that a cash offer will be made the library directors for their property on the corner of "Alakea and Hotel streets, and it is further thought that it will be accepted. It was supposed that the offer of exchange would be acceptable, as in conversation the directors of the library seemed to favor the idea.

Paul Super and several of the directors of the Y. M. C. A. favor the acquisition of the Waterhouse lot where Mrs. Kerns' jam factory is at present situated, whether the library plot is secured or not, but as there are others on the board who are not favorable to this scheme, it will probably receive a great deal of discussion at the next meeting.

MAJOR AND MRS. RAY LEAVE TODAY ON KOREA

Major Beecher B. Ray, Paymaster, U. S. A., and Mrs. Ray leave today on the Korea for San Francisco for the benefit of Mrs. Ray's health. Major Ray received leave of absence by cablegram from Washington only last Friday. His leave is for one month, although this may be extended, depending largely on Mrs. Ray's condition. Mrs. Ray has not been well since arriving from the Philippines. During the major's absence his duties will be performed by Major Hains, paymaster, who may arrive here on the Mongolia about December 27.

MADRIZ IS HAILED AS COUNTRY'S SAVIOR

Wild Demonstration Greets Him
on His Arrival at City
of Managua.

(By Associated Press.)

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, December 20.—Madriz arrived here yesterday and was hailed as the savior of his country, amid wild demonstrations. So dense was the throng of persons assembled to greet him that a party of Madriza's friends were forced to form themselves into a bodyguard and, with revolvers drawn, force a passage through the mob in order to reach the hotel.

VAST FORTUNE COMES TO PARR

Man Who Unearthed the Sugar
Frauds Will Receive Nearly
a Million.

LOEB APPROVES THE CLAIM

Law Provides That Discoverer
of a Swindle Shall Be
Rewarded.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, December 20.—At least \$700,000 will probably accrue to Deputy Collector of Customs Richard Parr for his part in unearthing the gigantic frauds connected with the weighing of sugar. Collector of the Port Loeb yesterday approved Parr's demand for a share of the money which the government recovered through his astuteness, and at the most conservative estimate the amount must be sufficient to make Parr a very wealthy man.

The law provides that in such cases, the person discovering a fraud shall receive not to exceed fifty per cent. of the money which the government recovers by virtue of the discovery. A restitution of \$2,000,000, representing duties evaded by tampering with the scales, has been made by the sugar interests. If the demands of those associated with Parr in running down the frauds are allowed, the share of the deputy collector will probably amount to \$700,000 or more.

Parr is the man who became convinced that employees of the American Sugar Refining Company were managing to evade duties in some manner, and instituted the search which disclosed the fact that the official scales were being so tampered with that every lot of sugar registered far below its actual weight.

TRAINMEN DEMAND INCREASED WAGES

Seventy-Five Eastern Railroads
Are Affected by Edict
Sent Forth.

(By Associated Press.)

PITTSBURG, December 20.—The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen yesterday sent out notifications that a general increase in wages must be granted. Seventy-five railroads east of the Mississippi are affected by the demand, which goes into effect tomorrow. In its ultimatum, the brotherhood insists that increases ranging from five to forty per cent. be granted. About 75,000 trainmen would be concerned should the demand be complied with.

HAYSTACK MASTS SOON IN PACIFIC

Orders Are Issued to Equip the
Fleet of Admiral Sebree
in the Spring.

(By Associated Press.)

SEATTLE, December 20.—The warships of the Pacific fleet are to be equipped with the new skeleton masts in the spring. The order has been issued by the navy department and arrangements will be made at once to carry out instructions.

The skeleton masts, popularly known as haystacks, are already being installed as rapidly as possible on the vessels of the Atlantic fleet, and the new order indicates that the naval authorities have found them thoroughly satisfactory. The skeleton mast has been demonstrated to be more nearly immune from the effects of gunfire than any other type.